## **Amendments to Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior revisions and listings of claims in this application.

## **Listing of Claims**

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1-20. (Cancelled)

## 21. (Previously Presented) A method comprising:

generating a phase-shift keyed optical signal; and

propagating the phase shift keyed optical signal through a semiconductor optical amplifier in deep saturation, wherein  $-4dBm < P_{\rm IN} < 4dBm$  such that an optical signal exhibiting a regulated, -amplified optical power is produced;

wherein the amplified optical power is regulated to a saturation output power such that  $\Delta P_{OUT}$  (dB)/ $\Delta P_{IN}$ (dB) of the optical amplifier is less than 0.25, wherein  $P_{OUT}$  is the power of the optical signal output from the amplifier, and  $P_{IN}$  is the power of the optical signal input into the amplifier.

#### 22. (Previously Presented) A method for optical limiting amplification comprising:

inputting a phase-shift keyed optical signal having a data independent intensity profile into a semiconductor optical amplifier in a deep saturation regime wherein -4dBm <  $P_{IN}$  < 4dBm such that an optical signal exhibiting a regulated, amplified optical power is produced and output, wherein  $\Delta P_{OUT}(dB)/\Delta P_{IN}(dB)$  is less than 0.25, where  $P_{OUT}$  is the power of the optical signal output from the amplifier, and  $P_{IN}$  is the power of the optical signal input into the amplifier.

# 23. (Previously Presented) An optical signal processor apparatus comprising:

a semiconductor optical amplifier device adapted to operate in deep saturation wherein -  $4dBm < P_{\rm IN} < 4dBm$  and to receive an RZ-DPSK optical signal having an amplitude-shift

keyed optical label portion, such that the optical label portion of the signal is removed upon propagation through the semiconductor optical amplifier device;

wherein  $\Delta P_{OUT}(dB)/\Delta P_{IN}(dB)$  is less than 0.25, where  $P_{OUT}$  is the power of the optical signal output from the amplifiers, and  $P_{IN}$  is the power of the optical signal input into the amplifiers.

24. (**Previously Presented**) An optical communication system for transmitting multi-channel phase-shift keyed optical signals comprising:

a plurality of semiconductor optical amplifiers,

wherein the system is adapted to transmit the optical signals such that the plurality of semiconductor optical amplifiers operate in a deep saturation regime wherein -4dBm <  $P_{IN}$  < 4dBm so as to provide optical power equalization of a plurality of channels of the multi-channel optical signals,

wherein  $\Delta P_{OUT}(dB)/\Delta P_{IN}(dB)$  is less than about 0.25, where  $P_{OUT}$  is the power of the optical signal output from the amplifiers, and  $P_{IN}$  is the power of the optical signal input into the amplifiers.

## 25. (Previously Presented) An apparatus comprising:

a means for generating a phase-shift keyed optical signal; and

a means for propagating the optical signal through a semiconductor optical amplifier in deep saturation wherein -4dBm <  $P_{IN}$  < 4dBm to regulate the amplified optical power:

wherein  $\Delta P_{OUT}(dB)/\Delta P_{IN}(dB)$  is less than 0.25, where  $P_{OUT}$  is the power of the optical signal output from the amplifiers, and  $P_{IN}$  is the power of the optical signal input into the amplifiers.